

THE  HINDU
ADVERTORIAL AND PROMOTIONAL INITIATIVE

PROPERTY ATLAS

SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 2019

WITH STORIES OF
INNOVATORS
IN THE REALTY
SECTOR

15 YEARS
OF
PROPERTY
PLUS

CHENNAI'S
Heritage
BUILDINGS

SUSTAINABLE
ARCHITECTURE



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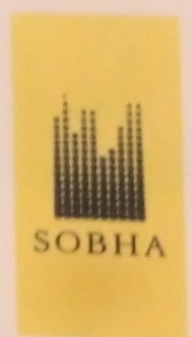
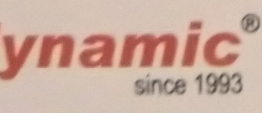
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GREEN



Anupama Mohanram, the Founder of Green Evolution, talks to us about sustainable architecture and elaborates about how it'll benefit the city



Over the last few years, we're giving a lot of importance for sustainable architecture. Smart cities across the world work on improving sustainability in every aspect – energy management, waste management, infrastructure and more. We notice that the trends for Green Buildings see-saw each year. How can Chennai become an archetype for other global cities? Anupama Mohanram, the Founder of Green Evolution, answers a few questions for us.

An architect, passionate about environmental sustainability – Anupama worked in Chicago for ten years. She came back to India and founded Green Evolution in 2008, to make a difference in the community. From the year of inception, when

there was lack of awareness about sustainability, the awareness for green architecture has grown.

THE HIGHLIGHT PROJECTS

Green Evolution designs beautiful, earth friendly spaces that demonstrate the human ability to adapt and live in harmony with nature. They have designed a wide array of green projects from residences to schools, to commercial spaces. Talking about a few hit projects, Anupama reveals, "A couple of popular projects include:

Campus for The School KFI: A play of rustic, charming exposed masonry, dense vegetation and intensive art. We were able to preserve 76 existing trees on campus. Our interventions in the form of passive solar design, Solar PV renewable energy



systems, water-reduction, treatment and reuse have ensured significant energy and water savings for the school. Academy of Social Entrepreneurship for Hand in Hand India, Kaliyanoor: The Academy was developed for Hand in Hand India, an NGO working for rural development and upliftment of women. The design resulted in eco-friendly spaces for offering courses to promote social entrepreneurship, a skill that is needed to ensure the efficient future development of rural India."

ELEMENTS OF SUSTAINABLE ARCHITECTURE:

About the elements that contribute to earth-friendly architecture, Anupama expounds a few pointers:

- The process of designing an environmentally sustainable space should start right at the time of site selection, where a decision can be made based on orientation, location and presence of vegetation. It is important to study the climate patterns such as prevailing wind direction, access to views from surrounding buildings.
- Through the initial design process the focus should be on passive solar design – which refers to the design of comfortable habitats without resorting to energy intensive space conditioning systems.
- It is important to choose the right kind of materials based on insulating capacity, embodied energy (amount of energy used in creating the material) and aesthetic considerations.





For instance, glass is a material that is not environmentally friendly if used in excess especially in a tropical place like Chennai. All the paints used within the spaces should contain no or very low VOC levels. VOCs are volatile organic compounds that continue to be emitted from paints long after its application, causing health issues. Renewable energy systems such as solar photovoltaics or wind-powered generators should be considered to produce as much clean energy as possible.

► The plumbing systems should be planned considering waste water treatment system and re-use of treated water for purposes such as flushing of toilets, watering plants, washing vehicles, etc. The grey water (water from showers and taps) should be separated from the black water (water from toilet flush) and treatment should be planned accordingly. Alternate waste water treatment systems are available these days without the need to use electricity.

THE COST FACTOR

Cost is a factor that is constantly brought up at the mention of green buildings. However, a green building, if well designed will lead to long term cost savings over time in the form of lower electricity bills and water bills.

COOL THE CITY DOWN

Plants and vegetation can help cool the urban environment leading to a reduction in 'urban heat island effect'. It is a proven fact that the ambient

temperature surrounding cities is much higher than ambient temperature surrounding rural areas.

WHAT CAN THE PUBLIC DO?

Green spaces provide a breath of fresh air to cities and help dissipate dust and pollution from urbanization. We should all take effort to learn more about the need for green spaces within our cities and demand more such spaces of the development and the local corporations. We should also take effort to maintain such green spaces once created.

